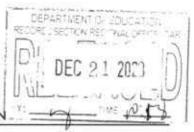


Department of Education

CORDILLERA ADMINISTRATIVE REGION



20 December 2023

REGIONAL MEMORANDUM

No. 758.2023

CORRIGENDUM TO RM 412 S 2021 (UTILIZATION OF THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE MECHANISM MANUAL OF OPERATION (TAMMO)

To: Assistant Regional Director

Regional Office Division Chiefs / OICs Schools Division Superintendents

All Others Concerned

 This has reference to Regional Memorandum No. 412 s 2021titled "Utilization of the Technical Assistance Manual of Operation (TAMMO)". The amendments are as follows:

| Original Provisions | Revised and Corrected |
|-------------------------|---|
| Instructional Delivery, | Take good care of learners by promoting |

- All other provisions of RM No. 412 s 2021 shall remain in place.
- For further inquiries and clarifications, please contact FTAD through email address car.ftad@deped.gov.ph.
- Immediate and widest dissemination of and strict compliance with this Memorandum is desired.

ESTELA P. LEON-CARIÑO EdD, CESO III

Director IV/ Regional Director





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Department of Education

CORDILLERA ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

PTXD/EHM/mtv

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE MECHANISM MANUAL OF OPERATIONS (TAMMO)







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FOREWORD

School-Based Management (SBM) is a strategy to improve education by transferring significant decision-making authority to individual schools (RA 9155). This handbook has been written to serve as a guide for the principals, teachers, learners, parents, and the community to have greater control over the education process by giving them responsibility for decisions about the budget, personnel, and curriculum.

To strengthen the implementation of SBM and provision of Technical Assistance (TA) to schools, Schools Division Offices and Regional Office, Department of Education-Cordillera Administrative Region (DepEd-CAR) developed Technical Assistance Mechanism Manual of Operation (TAMMO) to continuously improve the governance and delivery of basic education services that are responsive to the diverse needs of the learners. This manual serves as an integrated framework that defines the different dimensions in the provision of TA in the region. It serves as a way of instituting standards and reforms under the MaTaTaG Agenda.

In adherence to standards, the TA providers shall be guided by the manual to enhance competence in facilitating learning and provision of TA to their clients.

The Technical Assistance Mechanism Manual of Operations (TAMMO) and School Based Monitoring Assessment (SBM) Tool are instruments that will help enhance the institutionalization and professionalism of teaching and non-teaching staff as TA providers in their effort to improve quality basic education.

ESTELA L. CARIÑO EdD, CESO III
Director IV/ Regional Director

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TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE MECHANISM

CHAPTER 1

Introduction

1.1 Background

Republic Act No. 9155, or the "Governance of Basic Education Act of 2001", decentralized education governance, and made the school as "the heart of the formal education system" and shifted the focus of education management to School-Based Management (SBM).

Relative to this, the TA systems of DepEd - CAR has aligned its effort with the Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Number 4 on Quality Education and Number 5 on Gender Development of being gender sensitive and responsive in all its Technical Assistance initiative's, reaching out to male and female clientele regardless of employment, status, position, sexual orientation, physical status, ethnicity, religious and political affiliations, in one direction to 2030 agenda of SDG.

The Department of Education-Cordillera Administrative Region (DepEd-CAR) has taken the challenge of implementing K to 12 from the very foundation of this reform: culture as the bedrock of our educational system. This is concretely manifested by the region's Indigenous Peoples Education (IPED). Because CAR is formed by virtue of a constitutional recognition of Indigenous Cultural Communities and ancestral domains in the contiguous provinces and cities, it is only fitting that cultural roots are given attention in the delivery of the new curriculum. (DepED-CAR – My Home, 2015).

In support and to ensure the implementation of the IPED roadmap, collaboration among the stakeholders and DepEd, CAR is imperative. The provision of technical assistance in the different governance levels is logically unavoidable.

Technical Assistance (TA) in its broadcast sense employs varied stages and strategies in providing the most appropriate support to clientele enabling them to function and meet the standard outputs expected from the department.

DepEd-CAR's Technical Assistance with all its initiatives has taken strength from the current thrust of DepED's MaTaTag which aims to Make the curriculum relevant to produce job-ready, active, and responsible citizens; Take steps to accelerate delivery of basic education facilities and services; Take good care of learners by promoting learner well-being, inclusive education, and positive learning environment; and Give support for teachers to teach better.

Technical Assistance (TA) is a process framework - outlines the different stages in the provision of TA by the Regional Office to the SDOs, and by the SDOs to schools geared towards giving support and guidance, identifying needs/problems/issues, and its findings serves as suggestions / recommendations to the right solution for a more effective organization.

The DepEd's initiative made more specific roles and responsibilities of the various levels of the department in support to SBM. It has underscored once more that the different levels of the department have their major responsibilities to their respective next level office. This means that the Central Office (CO) has its regions as its main responsibility; the SDOs has schools as its main responsibility in leading, guiding, monitoring & evaluating and in providing technical assistance towards effective SBM in the schools and eventually, towards achieving higher learning outcomes.

Region to the Divisions:

- Stakeholders networking, i.e., organization of SGC, revitalization of Local School Board (LSB)
- · Stakeholder mobilization, i.e., Brigada Eskwela
- · Development of standards and indicators' progress, impact and processes
- Supervision by monitoring and evaluation of regional standards in learning outcome.
- Technical assistance through trainings, performance evaluation, accreditation process
- Decentralization of functions and budgets in terms of localization, integration of plans and best practices
- · Development of regional SBM installation plan covering all divisions

Divisions to the schools

- Stakeholders networking, i.e., organization of SGC, revitalization of LSB
- Stakeholder mobilization and resource generation, i.e Brigada Eskwela
- School-based resource management and installation of finance and administrative systems
- Technical guidance by Division Superintendents and technical/education supervision by division education program supervisors, subject specialists
- · Development of standards and indicators of progress, impacts and of processes
- Appointment of SBM coordinator including cluster/coordinating school heads and information of SBM task forces.
- · Training programs for school heads and teachers
- Procurement of textbooks through Division Annual Procurement Plan based on school's procurement plans

Technical assistance is necessary to ensure effective programs implementation and achievement of higher or better learning outcomes. It should impact on governance and operations of the SDO's and schools and most of all on the realization of the goals in the delivery of basic education services.

While the implementation rules and regulations of the R.A. 9155 and BESRA kept on repeating the phrase, "technical assistance for SBM practice", the field offices still need to be provided with specific guidelines to determine what can be delivered, the why, when, and how that can be considered as technical assistance. Hence, this handbook is envisaged.

1.2 Purpose of the Handbook

This manual of operations aims to put on a closer view of the TA Framework in line with DO 83 s. 2012 This provides clear procedures, guidelines, tools, and suggested structure in implementing the TA Mechanism. It serves as a guide instrument for an efficient, effective, and relevant TA from the RO to the SDOs in managing effectively and consequently in their respective schools. It also guides the SDOs in assisting their respective schools, to practice SBM, implement their Enhanced School Improvement Plans (ESIP), and manage the performance of their teachers for improved learning outcomes under the MaTaTaG critical points and initiatives.

1.3 Scope of the Handbook

This manual contains the operationalization of TA Mechanism in the RO and the SDOs. It includes presentation of the suggested streamlined processes starting from the TA needs assessment to planning and implementation stages, adjustment of plans, evaluation and reporting to the management for decision making and for possible policy formulation are laid. It will also present suggested structures as to TA Team composition for the RO and the SDOs, their functions and responsibilities, the competencies and qualities required of them and the tools with samples to execute the mechanism.

1.4 User of the Handbook

Primarily, the users of this handbook are Regions and Divisions Offices whose functions are to ensure that inputs, processes, outcomes of the TA provided to their clients are par with the quality standards as they achieve or accomplish their targets set. These TA providers are:

| Regional Office | Schools Division Offices | Schools/Learning Centers |
|--|---|--|
| Chief Education Supervisors (CES) and Chief Administrative Officers (CAO) of Functional Divisions Supervising Administrative Officer (SAO) Education Program Supervisors (EPS) Senior Education Program Specialist (SEPS) Education Program Specialist II (EPS II) | Schools Division Superintendent (SDS) Assistant Schools Division Superintendent (ASDS) CID, SGOD Chiefs Education Program Supervisors Administrative Officer V Accountant Senior Education Program Specialist (SEPS) Education Program Specialist II (EPS II) Finance Officer Designated Division Coordinators Public Schools District Supervisors (PSDS)/ (Principal-in- | Principals Head Teachers Master Teachers Teachers Technical Personnel DALCs/Mobile Teachers |

| Unit / Section Heads (Technical Personnel) Other Regional Office Personnel | charge/Coordinating Principals) Other Schools Division personnel | |
|---|---|--|
|---|---|--|

CHAPTER 2

Structure in Providing Technical Assistance

In support to the TA Framework, the TA provider effective management requires a well-organized TA mechanism structure. It must be carefully designed and implemented to ensure that the technical assistance provided can really address the identified needs of the client towards the achievement of the clients' goals. Eventually, it is so desired that the results of providing TA can be valid source for management to make informed decisions. The suggested structure for the implementation of TA mechanism with clear functions, responsibilities and competencies should be made known to all members of the team.

2.1 Technical Assistance Team Composition

Regional Level

All the chiefs of functional divisions act as team leader while the Education Program Supervisors, Senior Education Program Specialists, Education Program Specialists, unit heads and technical personnel act as members and they will be divided into teams. Several SDOs is assigned to each team to take care or provide technical assistance. They serve as the extended arm of the management reaching out to all school's divisions. Since all CESs and CAOs are members of the Regional Executive Committee (REXECOM), they can easily report the monitoring and evaluation conducted, thereby the REXECOM can easily identify who is responsible and accountable for a specific need in a specific division. Team leadership may also rotate depending on the needs of the school's division at any time.

Regional Field Technical Assistance Team (RFTAT) Composition

Chairman: Regional Director

Co-chair: Assistant Regional Director

Coordinator: FTAD CES

Focal Person: can be designated or chosen by the members (EPS of FTAD)

Members: Representatives from all functional divisions, sections and units in

the region (Admin, CLMD, ESSD, FTAD, HRDD, FD, PPRD, QAD,

ICT, Legal, PAU)

- CES/CAO of all functional divisions
- o EPS
- Unit / Section Heads
- o SEPS
- o EPS II
- Technical Personnel and other regional office personnel

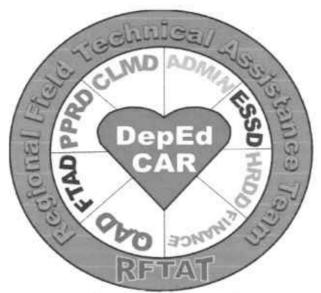


Figure 1. Advocacy Logo

The Advocacy Logo represents the harmonious interfacing of the Functional Division Level at the Regional Level.

All the EPS, SEPs, EPSs II, Technical Personnel and PSDS in the SDO shall be divided into teams. Each team is assigned a number of districts/schools to take care of and serve as the extended arm of the division management in reaching the schools. The CES/EPS of SGOD/CID act as team leader, similar to the regional structure, this delivery structure ensures accountability among division personnel.

The team leader manages the functioning of his TA team and reports directly to respective chief (CID and SGOD)/ Office of the ASDS and SDS during division EXECOM. Team leadership may also be rotated depending on the needs of the districts/schools under their care.

Division TA Team Composition

Chairman SDS Co-chair ASDS

Team Leader to be assigned by SDS to be assigned by SDS Members: CES (CID/SGOD)

EPS

PSDS / Coordinating principal

SEPS EPS II

Designated division coordinators

Technical Personnel and other division personnel

School Level

Chairperson:

School Head

Members:

Master Teacher/s

Head Teacher/s

Teachers to be assigned by the School Head

DALC /ALS Mobile Teacher

2.2 Roles, Functions and Responsibilities of Technical Assistance Providers

TA providers are expected to perform the following roles and functions:

- Provide support, coaching and guidance to clients in the performance of their functions.
- Regularly appraise clients on the status of their performance and do their functions.
- Provides the necessary information in the performance of their functions more effectively.
- Provide motivation and encouragement to move forward and for continuous improvement.
- 5. Utilize data gathered to inform regional TA providers in aid for policy formulation.

To perform these roles and functions, TA providers have the following responsibilities:

- Guide and help clients in planning, strategizing, implementing plans, evaluating performance and accomplishments.
- 2. Share information regarding directions from higher management.
- Share information regarding the existence and /or availability of needed resources both from within and outside DepEd.
- 4. Offer client's information where to source out the needed TA.
- Give feedback, especially those coming from their clients for continuous improvement.
- 6. Commit to perform specific roles as indicated in the plan.
- 7. Recommend needed Capacity Building for TA providers to improve service delivery.
- 8. Keep records on provided TA for references as the needs arise.
- 9. Keep records of clients being assisted with the specific assistance given.

2.3 Functions and Responsibilities of the Client

While TA providers have roles and responsibilities, their effectiveness can only be assured if the clients also perform their corresponding roles and responsibilities. The following are expected from the clients:

- 1. Understand specific help needed for TA
- Present objectives and complete information on the situation of the client's organization
- 3. Inform in a proper manner the TA provider without being defensive
- 4. Act on the feedback provided by the TA
- 5. Commit to perform specific roles as indicated in the plan.

CHAPTER 3

Competencies and Qualities of TA Providers

To deliver their TA in a more effective manner, TA providers must develop the following competencies:

- Skills on identifying and Prioritizing TA Needs These skills required analytical expertise in proving & interpreting data so that TA provider can identify and prioritize improvement areas that need technical assistance.
- 2. Facilitation skills These skills include listening skills, observing skills, questioning skills, attending skills and integrated skills (LOQAI). These skills are utilized in all the steps and process in providing technical assistance. The application of facilitation skills will help the technical assistance provider in implementing the guiding principles mentioned earlier in this document.

<u>Listening Skills</u> – This requires that the TA provider puts oneself in the shoes of the learner or clients to be able to understand the situation confronting him/her. It also requires that the technical assistance provider refrain from listening "autobiographically", that is, listening from one's own perspective and immediately making judgment. In the process, it is recommended that while listening, the technical assistance provider should restate, rephrase and reflect on what is being said.

Observing Skills - This would require the TA provider to keep an open mind; and to record behavioral observations - that can be seen, heard of, touched. The use of the "STAR" technique or approach is highly recommended. This refers to:

S/T = Situation or Task at hand A = Action Taken (or Inaction)

R = Result

<u>Questioning Skills</u> – It is recommended that the TA provider asks open-ended questions and refrain from posing leading questions or questions that require one- word answers. It is advisable that questions be layered, which means, listening to the response to one question before asking another question.

<u>Attending Skill</u> – This is caring for the client responding to the learning needs being noted and observed by the TA provider. Establishing and maintaining good rapport with the client or learner will enable TA to closely attend to client's needs. Thus, it is recommended that the provider be continuously on the watch to be able to catch any expressed or implied need by the client or learner.

<u>Integrating Skills</u> - This is the ability to synthesize or summarize points or ideas. This will help the learner identify what have been learned and prepare and execute a plan to accomplish goals and objectives.

- 3. Skills in giving and receiving feedback These skills would greatly help both the technical assistance provider and the clients increasing their ability to see themselves as others see them. Feedback must be given immediately for it to be relevant, timely and effective.
- 4. Coaching Skills Coaching is a series of one-on-one exchanges between the provider and the client focused on performance or performance-related topics. Improved performance with emphasis on acting and sustaining changes. It is a process that enables learning and development to occur and improve performance.
- 5. Mentoring skills mentoring is a series of one-on-one exchange between the provider and the client focused on personal and professional growth in the organization and beyond through support, exchange of ideas and guidance.
- 6. Monitoring and Analysis of TA Progress This is the ability to check on the process and progress of the technical assistance provided according to standards set and offer recommendation for adjustment.
- 7. Evaluating Technical Assistance Results- The ability to evaluate the overall impact or results of technical assistance provided. Eventually, the results of all technical assistance provide information for decision making at the division level and recommendations for policy formulation at the regional level.

It is also expected that TA providers possess the following qualities to gain the trust and willingness of the clients to perform their corresponding roles and responsibilities:

1. Caring:

Being emphatic, compassionate, understanding, respectful, culturally competent

Communicative:

Express ideas, opinions, and observations properly, responsive

3. Creative:

Inventive, flexible, resourceful

4. Critical:

Reflective, enterprising, open minded, effective

Professional:

Exhibits a courteous, conscientious, and generally businesslike manner in the workplace

CHAPTER 4

Technical Assistance Process

4.1 DEFINITION OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Technical assistance (TA) is any form of professional help and guidance or support towards helping clients to be more effective in the performance of their respective functions. This can be in the form of direct sharing of information, helping them learn a particular competence, or indirectly, referring them to the source of information and competence they need.

TA as a process has steps to be followed and utilize tools. It is a journey with the client towards achieving his/her set goals for continuous improvement.

In delivering TA, one should consider and respect the capability and pace of the client. TA providers should ensure that the atmosphere or environment encourages the client not only to set his/her goals but to determine the process of achieving them and to see everything as learning process. Thus, in this atmosphere, the client can express himself/herself freely, explore new ideas and even admit and correct mistakes in his/her pursuit of achieving desired goals.

The key to effective technical assistance is to help clients perform their duties and responsibilities in accordance with DepEd policies and programs.

The delivery of TA therefore can take varied forms. It could be in any of the following:

- Information Sharing within this area are policies, guidelines, directions, and instructions of top DepEd management. They are usually delivered via office memorandum or orders, conferences and giving of referrals.
- Capacity Building this area refers to the development of competencies or knowledge, skills and attitudes like skills in the use of technology. More often, this type of technical assistance is delivered via training, coaching or mentoring.
- 3. Group and Work Management this refers to helping others in accomplishing outputs or targets based on their work plans. It includes the documentation of lessons learned or best practices that consequently be shared to components of the organization. These could be achieved through the conduct of meetings, group discussion, or workshops.

4.2 OBJECTIVES OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

TA seeks to facilitate the provision of support and guidance to SDOs and schools for continuous improvement of leadership and management performance, delivery of services across governance levels for the improvement of learning outcomes.

Specifically, TA aims to strengthen the SDOs by:

- Providing relevant, timely and appropriate technical assistance leadership and enabling interventions to school's division offices to help achieve their goals and targets through the coordination of all the RO divisions, units and sections.
- Improving academic performance/learning outcomes of the schools.
- Enhancing knowledge, skills, and attitudes to ensure the effective delivery of services; and
- 4. Improving SBM level of practice and continuous improvement.

4.3 GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Provision of TA is based on the following guiding principles:

1. People are responsible for their own growth and development.

People in organizations can set their own goals and achieve them. Given this brief, technical assistance provides the atmosphere or environment to help the client achieve his/her set goals and find ways and resources to achieve them. People are not passive receptacle but active and creative beings. They just must be provided with opportunities to express themselves freely. They also need the kind of atmosphere where exploring new ideas or concepts are welcome and where mistakes committed in the process are not penalized, but rather become opportunities to learn from. This way each organization becomes more responsible for its own growth and development. It is very important that people feel they have something to contribute or bring in towards the improvement of their own organization.

Given the opportunities to express in an exploring atmosphere will render the more responsible for its growth and development. It is interesting that people in an organization have contributed towards improvement and feels being a part of the entire organization.

TA is aligned with the department's vision and mission and based on the organization's needs.

TA ensures that client always refers to the department's vision, mission, and goals as identified in the respective plans – DEDP (for the Schools Division) or ESIP (for the schools) which were previously set based on their organization's needs.

Division /school heads must recognize their need for help to become more effective managers/leaders. Once the need is recognized and admitted, doing something about it comes next. They must be guided and supported to be able to achieve their goals, particularly in being able to manage schools for continuous improvement.

With DepEd, the SDO is expected to provide TA to schools to implement effective SBM. Similarly, the RO must provide TA to the SDOs for them to support their schools in implementing SBM.

3. Learning is a cooperative and a collaborative process.

Helping each other to learn requires a process of interactive independence. This is another principle of adult learning. Learning is best achieved when members work together towards a common goal.

TA is a two-way process and a shared responsibility. While the provider offers suggestions, decision- making, and action are the responsibilities of the client or receiver of technical assistance.

Technical support is offered by the RO to SDOs and SDOs to the District / schools. It can be offered individually or to teams.

4.4. SCOPE

As mandated in RA 9155, TA in education must be embedded as an inherent task of all regional office divisions, units and sections in the region.

For the SDOs, provision of TA to schools is focused not only on the development and preparation of their plans, but also on the implementation of programs and projects outlined in the ESIP/AIP, and in the implementation of SBM for continuous school improvement.

For the Schools District, provision of TA (DisTAT - PSDS, DALC, SHs) to schools is focused on school management, instructional supervision, curriculum development, enrichment and localization, learning outcomes assessment and research.

For schools, the STAT will focus their TA to the teachers and learners based on the result of SMEA, SSTR, eSAT-DP, COT, CFSS and other learning outcomes.

4.5 Technical Assistance Process Framework

TA is a process. It has steps to be followed and tools to make use of it. It is a journey with the client towards achieving his/her set goals for continuous improvement.

Vital to the provision of TA to target clientele is the advocacy of the mechanism as an avenue to create awareness of the program. Advocacy strategies will vary depending on the targeted audience and may include development and distribution of brochures, flyers, issuance of memorandum, access to website, and involvement of professional associations and interest parties among others.

Once the awareness and readiness has been established, pre-requisite activities are conducted to build partnership between the technical assistance providers and the clients. These may include the following:

 Orientation on the nature, scope, objectives, guiding principles, process of the mechanism, the roles and responsibilities of the technical assistance providers and the clients.

- Orientation on the processes utilized by the Quality Assurance teams to make quality assurance and accountability both at the region level and the division level.
- · Orientation on how to utilize the EBEIS.
- · Establish rapport and collaboration as needed.

Once the necessary infrastructure and system are in place, the teams may now proceed with the following:

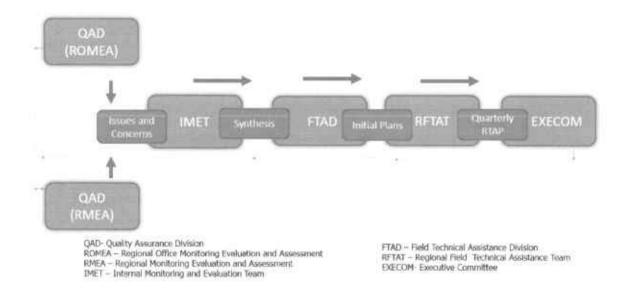
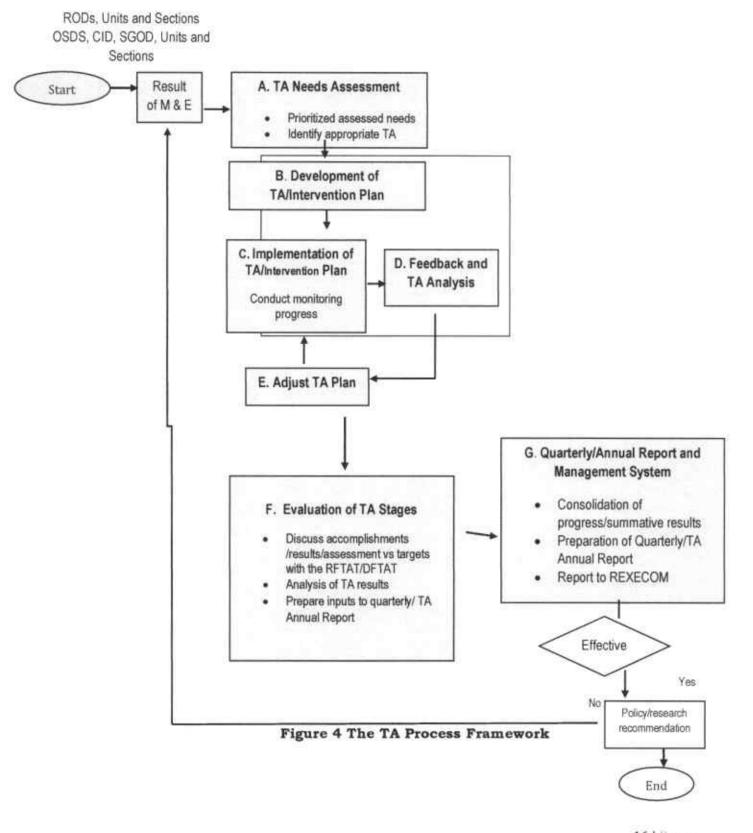


Figure 2: TA Framework for RTAP

TA PROCESS FRAMEWORK



PROCEDURES

A. TA Needs Assessment Stage:

For the Region:

This is the first stage in delivering assistance to school's divisions. The RFTAT should have first clear understanding of the actual situation of the clients. Important documents that the team should review are results of Monitoring and Evaluation, reports from Quality Assurance Team – the DMEA, RMEA, ROMEA reports, BEIS data consolidated and analyzed by the Integrated Monitoring Team (IMET) of QAD and FTAD on all performance indicators, SBM Assessment results, other Regional Office initiated Monitoring Activity and DAIP/DEDP. These documents will provide the TA team the basic information on the present status or situation of the client and eventually identify needs that would require TA. (Form 1)

For the Division

The DFTAT must be oriented with their specific roles and responsibilities in giving TA to schools. Prior to the implementation of TA to schools, DFTAT should have reviewed the schools ESIP, AIP, BEIS data on all performance indicators, SBM assessment results and the reports from SMEA and DsMEA to give the team a background information on the TA needed, (Form 1)

To identify the TA need priorities of the division/schools, the team will do the following steps:

- Conduct a situational analysis through a focus group discussion, interview, TNA
 results, eSAT-DP, SMEA/DMEA reports and review of other relevant documents.
 There are various situational analysis tools that can be utilized in this stage. The
 quantitative information on indicators of outcomes will point to particular areas
 that would need further data gathering or more focused analysis of the situation.
- Identify priority needs and explore the nature and scope of the problem. This will
 determine whether the problem is valid or symptoms of underlying organizations
 issue.
- Validate the result of the situational analysis through consultation with the management
 - For the RO with the division SDS, ASDS, EPS and other DFTAT For the DO with the PSDS and school heads
- This validation will determine the reasons or hindering factors on why the client was unable to achieve their targets
- Process all quantitative information by first categorizing the identified reasons into areas for management actions. (ex. resources) For SDOs Enclosure C
- Help the client identify management actions to resolve the hindering factors. The TA may provide hints or suggest solutions when called for, solutions must be feasible, appropriate, and achievable.
- From the solutions listed ask the client or recipient which ones they could do by themselves, and which ones would they need help from the TA or other resources.

B. Development of TA/Intervention Plan

After the situational analysis, the next step is to prepare the TA plan by the team. This plan is comprehensive that will guide the RFTAT/DFTAT for the successful delivery of various types of TA. The planning form contains the issues/concerns/ hindering factors/TA needs, clientele, proposed intervention (Technical assistance program/s/activity/ies), objectives, physical targets, target dates of implementation, persons involved). (Form 2)

The plan shall then be presented and discussed with the client to establish agreements regarding performance targets. This stage is completed once the TA provider and the client sign a performance contract for TA. In case, the planned intervention is beyond the capacity of the provider, referrals can be made to other resources or service providers.

For the Region:

The FTAD with the RFTAT shall collate and study all the needs of the SDOs and prepare interventions that the region can undertake to address common needs of all SDOs.

For the School Divisions

The TA coordinator/SGOD shall collate and study all the needs of the districts/schools and prepare interventions that the division can undertake to address common needs of all 'districts/schools.

C. Implementation of TA/Intervention Plan:

At this stage, the TA provider/TA team may implement the TA plan/Intervention plan. Preparation form and actual implementation of the intervention should be a collaborative effort between the TA team and client. Implementation maybe on different levels/need service of other service providers.

Level of Technical Assistance:

- Limited technical assistance involves brief assistance to locate information, materials, or a reason person who can supply information related to specific questions and/or issues. This technical assistance may take the form of forwarding documents relating to the questions, issues, or referral to an agency/clearing house for needed information referral person for a brief telephone consultation/SMS or other forms.
- Moderate technical assistance includes providing the information and/or consultation described above but results in agency personnel discovering that more significant issues or problems exist, which require additional information and/or brief telephone consultation with additional resource persons.
- On-site and/or longer-term technical assistance is needed when the issues are significant and may require direct contact with consultants. This assistance may involve:

- · Evaluating/validating previous needs assessment
- Assessing program and operations
- · Developing innovative approaches to identified problems
- · Strategizing to improve/enhance practices and operations
- · Designing the training program/and training delivery
- · Providing inputs to improve overall management and operations

D. Giving Feedback

During and after every progress monitoring, the technical assistance team shall plan to give feedback to the client after and the team agree on possible adjustments in the performance targets. The TA provider shall take note of the following:

Criteria in Giving Feedback

- Intended to help the recipient
- · Give directly and with feeling, based on a foundation built on trust
- Descriptive rather than evaluation
- · Specific rather than general with good, clear, and preferably recent examples
- · Given at a time when the receiver appears ready to accept it
- · Inclusive only of those things that the receiver can do something about
- · Not be more than the recipient at one time

E. Adjustment of TA/Intervention Plan

In cases where there are issues and concerns that emerged during the implementation of the TA Plan for the period, then possible adjustment can be made in the TA plan but with agreement between the client and the TA providers.

Progress/Annual Report to Management Stage

Prior to the preparation of the end of the quarter/annual report, all progress reports from SDOs/schools shall be consolidated and analyzed. The following questions may guide the monitoring process:

- · Was the technical assistance helpful and productive?
- Were the appropriate persons/agencies involved?
- Were the objectives achieved?
- Were there any barriers encountered that prevented or adversely successful implemented of technical assistance plan?
- Has technical assistance produced needed changed?

The progress and annual report provide the necessary information to top management for decision and appropriate action and support. At this stage, Cycle 1 of Technical Assistance ends. The Quarter and annual reports eventually become inputs again to stage A: Technical Assistance Needs Assessment Stage, which commences Cycle 2 of Technical Assistance, and the cycle is repeated.

F. Evaluation of Technical Assistance

The evaluation usually covers four areas, and the process utilizes the following guide questions.

Guide Questions:

- Is the TA provided efficient? As time, people, & other resources? Were the activities implemented as planned? According to guidelines set.
- 2. Is the TA provided effective? -Were the objectives of the TA achieved?
- Is the TA provided relevant? Was the TA useful to the client? Did it contribute
 to the achievement of the SIP objectives? (DEDP objectives? What factors
 helped? What factors did not help?)
- 4. Is the TA provided sustainable? Can the TA provided be applied to applied to the similar situations? Can they apply the provided on their own?

Ways of evaluating technical assistance including the following:

- Asking questions after the intervention
- Preparing technical assistance report
- Documenting change in the divisions/schools (e.g., revised policies and procedures, new program developed and implemented)
- Tracking of Technical assistance provided to division and schools as to follow-up actions needed and whether such actions were taken. Tracking report needs to be validated by the Schools Division Superintendent.
- Measuring impact on the implementation of the technical assistance using M and E tools
- Surveying stakeholders' satisfaction with the change resulting from the delivery of technical assistance

For the TA teams, the findings of the report shall serve as inputs in developing the succeeding Technical Assistance Plan. Moreover, for the RFTAT, the findings shall also serve as input to the formulation of the regional policies/research.

CHAPTER 5

Process of Identifying the Technical Assistance Agenda

The first step in providing technical assistance (TA) is identifying the Agenda of Technical Assistance. This agenda becomes the TA Plan that serves as roadmap of the regional TA team providing support to division/division TA teams in providing support to schools.

For an effective provision of technical assistance, it is essential that the TA Agenda is:

Relevant

The technical assistance provided directly support the development plan and/or performance objectives of the TA recipient. This can be achieved by proper analysis of the reasons or factors hindering the achievement of targets outputs/job performance targets.

· Acceptable to the TA recipient

It is essential that the TA recipient recognizes what needs to be done and what help they require to resolve the hindering factors. This realization enhances acceptance of technical assistance as well as sustainability of assistance provided. A potentially effective strategy for this is by engaging the TA recipient in a "collaborative thinking" of the solutions to the hindering factors (management consequences) and identifying which of those solutions can be addressed within their unit and which ones will be provided by the TA teams.

Results Driven and Focused

The TA teams knows exactly to what outputs the technical assistance provided will affect and consequently, the outcomes it will contribute. This will create an intrinsically motivated technical assistance because it knows its higher purpose.

To develop a relevant, acceptable and results-driven TA Agenda, the TA team should be able to derive the priority areas for TA planning following this line of thinking:

FOUR KEY QUESTIONS:

- Q. 1. In what intermediate/outcomes indicators is the school/division lagging?
 - Q. 2. What hinders the school/division from meeting the target outputs? (per contributory objective)? What are the reasons?
- Q. 3. What should the school/division management do in order to resolve the hindering factors/reasons?
- Q. 4. Which of the identified solutions (management action) can the school/division do by themselves? Which ones need support from upper management (i. e. Division TA Team for schools and the Region TA Teams for the division)?

The following are suggested steps to analyze and arrive at the TA needs of the school/division:

Step 1. Analyze information generated by the SMEA/DisMEA/DMEA/ROMEA/RMEA and other M&E reports (Quantitative). The quantitative information on <u>outcomes and intermediate indicators points to particular areas</u> that needed further data gathering or a more focused analysis of the situation (qualitative).

Step 2. Perform Focused Investigation (Qualitative Information). Given the quantitative information, determine the <u>reasons/hindering/factors</u> why the school/division is unable to achieve the target outputs (leading to the intermediate of outcomes indicators).

Step 3. Process the Qualitative Information. Categorize the identified reasons (hindering factors) in terms of categories or areas in order to determine the appropriate management action. Refer to Table 1 for the categories with Sample Reasons or Hindering Factors.

Refer to table 1 for Step 1 and 2

Table 1: Categories of Hindering Factors with Sample Responses

| SAMPLE REASONS/HINDERING FACTOR/ISSUES | Category/Area s of indicators | Standards |
|---|--|---|
| Decreasing enrolment Seasonal Dropping out of students Classroom student ratio is 1:65 due to lack of classrooms and transferring in of students Limited number of comfort rooms for the students | Take good care of learners by promoting learner well-being, inclusive education, and positive learning environment | All school age children are in school Zero Dropout Rate Class ratio is 1:45 for Secondary Comfort rooms should be separate for boys and girls with 1 toilet bowl for every 50 students in a school |
| Teachers hired are non-specialist in the subjects they are teaching Not all teachers teaching SHS were trained Not a full-pledge head teacher; SIC should be designated by the schools' division superintendent | G ive Support for teachers to teach better | Hiring of teachers is based on areas of specialization All teachers handling the SHS should have been trained Deployed school heads are principal test passers and are trained |

| Needs training on how to conduct the M&E, M&E guidelines not yet fully defined Limited instructional materials/ learning materials for innovation teaching Only teachers are monitoring and evaluating pupil learning outcomes Increasing number of failures | Make the curriculum relevant to produce job ready, active and responsible citizens | Functional MEA Technology in all governance level 1:1 LMs to student ratio per subject area Learning performance is the concern of all stakeholders |
|---|--|---|
| The school head has limited knowledge on school procurement plan and SEF budgeting SH does not know how to make TNA Teacher handling non-major subjects; teacher status; loading of teachers | G ive Support for teachers to teach better | Appropriate tools Personnel trained in own area of specialization |
| ESIP is not yet approved by the Division Assurance Committee Need to make closer relationship to LGU to seek SEF Only teachers are monitoring and evaluating pupil learning outcomes | | Stakeholders' support Collaborative effort in the assessment of learning performance |

Step 4. Identifying Management Consequences (Management action to resolve the hindering factors).

a. Help the recipient of the TA understand the implementation of the hindering factors to management. Lead the recipient in determining the actions that need to be taken to resolve the hindering factors/difficulties.

The categories/areas already provide a hint on what should be done to solve the factors that hinders the achievement of outputs.

In situations where the school/division are unable to determine the management consequence of the hindering factors, the TA team may provide hints or suggest

solutions. The TA team may also suggest resolutions/management consequences on occasions when the TA recipient is unable to think of solutions that are not feasible, inappropriate and over simplified or too complex a set of actions to be taken.

b. From the resolutions (or management consequences) listed, ask the TA recipient which of those they can do without help and which one they would need support from the Division of Region TA team.

Table 2: Categories of Hindering Factors

| Sample Issues | Categories/Areas of Indicators | Sample Possible Solution/Management Consequences |
|---|---|--|
| Decreasing enrolment Beasonal Dropping out of students | Take good care of learners by promoting learner well- being, inclusive education and positive learning environment | For A. Mapping out of school age children, where are they and what are they doing to determine why there is a decrease in enrolment and for the purpose of bringing them back to school. |
| or students | | For B. Determine why dropping of learners are in this manner. Knowing the reason can enable the school to maximize the ADM. |
| c. Classroom student ratio is 1:65 due to lack of classrooms and transferring in of students d. Limited number of comfort rooms for the students | <u>Take</u> good care of learners by promoting learner well- being, inclusive education and positive learning environment | For C & D. Discuss with external stakeholders the SBM concept and the scope of their roles and responsibilities in SBM. |
| a. Teachers hired are non- specialist in the subjects they are teaching b. Not all teachers teaching SHS were trained c. Not a full-pledge head teacher; SIC should be designated by the schools' division superintendent | <u>G</u> ive Support for teachers to teach better | For A, B, C: Personnel/ Teachers/School Heads who needs improvement of competencies may undergo training. |

| d. Limited instructional materials/ learning materials for innovation teaching | - delegation to | For D. Maximize the use of the LRMDS portals or Strengthen the contextualization/ Development of learning materials |
|--|---|---|
| a. SH does not know how to make TNA b. The school head has limited knowledge on school procurement plan and SEF budgeting | G ive Support for teachers to teach better | For A, B: refer to T & D Team |
| c. ESIP is not yet approved by the Division Assurance Committee | | For C. Follow up with the approving committee |
| d. M & E committees are not yet functional, No team for M & E for school e. only teachers are monitoring and evaluating pupil learning outcomes | | For D. Issues a memo installing a M & E Team, with appropriate Terms of Reference – Refers to RMET/ DMET at the Region/Division For E. Conduct discussion with school head, school personnel/stakeholders on the benefits of community |
| | | |

Step 5. Establish Agreements.

- a. Finalize the draft list of what the TA recipient will do, and the support needed from the TA providers to address the hindering factors and achieve the desired target performance results. (Use Form 1)
- b. Discuss with other TA team members the proposed list of solutions with corresponding accountabilities and commitments. Agree on what are feasible, appropriate and relevant. Consolidate the proposed actions of TA Team and submit for approval of the support to be provided to the school/division.
- Confer with TA Recipient and Finalize of the list of plans of action to Close the Gaps.

Step 6. Organizing and Finalizing the TA Agenda. After the TA Team has established the Performance Contracts with the school/division assigned to the team, consolidate the TA targets to develop the agenda. (Use form 2)

The categories/areas of investigation in the school and school's division are herein presented to serve as reference for the monitoring and evaluation of performance and

identification of hindering factors/issues and concerns which can be subjected to provision of technical assistance.

Categories or areas of indicators for Investigation

| Categories/Areas of Indicators | Intermediate Outcomes | Outcomes |
|--|---|---|
| • Take steps to accelerate delivery of basic education facilities and services a. Learning Material & Equipment b. Physical & Ancillary Facilities (inclusion of the provision of nonclassroom facilities remote and isolated schools) c. Partnership and Linkages Make the curriculum relevant to produce job0ready, active and responsible citizens d. Special Program, Cocurricular, and Curricular activities e. Other (those that are not mentioned) Make the curriculum relevant to produce job0ready, active and Curricular activities e. Other (those that are not mentioned) Make the curriculum relevant to produce job0ready, active and responsible citizens a. K-12 Curriculum full Implementation/Instructional Delivery b. Contextualized (includes IKSPs) c. Learning Resources Give Support for teachers to teach better | Improved Participation Rate Enrolment ALS Enrollment Graduation Rate Promotion Rate Simple Drop-out Rate Failure Rate Repetition Rate Cohort Survival Rate Retention Rate NAT Level of SBM Practice | Holistically developed Filipinos with 21st century skills ready for higher education, entrepreneurship and work |

| d. Competent and well- trained teachers/Personnel Ta ke steps to accelerate delivery of basic | |
|--|--|
| education facilities and services | |
| e. Internet Connectivity/use of ICT for learning | |
| G ive Support for teachers to teach better | |
| a. Human Resource Development | |
| b. Automated system and processes | |
| c. Research and Development | |
| d. Public expenditure e. Independence form interface | |
| f. Management and Administration | |
| g. Others (those that are not mentioned) | |

CHAPTER 6

Technical Assistance Progress Reporting

The TA Implementation Plan needs regular monitoring and evaluation for timely, relevant reporting. (Enclosure B – Long Term TA and division mandate, Enclosure C – limited/moderate TA). It is also the ultimate measure on the effectiveness of the TA provided. The integrity of periodic TA facilitates generated feedback for decision making/plan adjustment.

Monitoring and evaluation results should be communicated to the officials and management of the region/division and other stakeholders for adjustments and decision making. Regular TA reports must be submitted to the concerned office/s on the first week of the following month or quarter (for monthly and quarterly reports)

TA Report Status Technical Assistance Plan Monitoring and Evaluation Form (For RFTAT/DFTAT Use)

| GUIDE QUESTIONS | TEAM RESPONSE | REMARKS |
|--|---------------|---------|
| Is the TA provided efficient? (as to time, people, and other resources, Were the activities implemented as planned? According to guideline set? | | |
| Is TA effective? (were the objectives of TA achieved) | | |
| Is the TA provided relevant? (Was the TA useful to the client? Did it contribute to the achievement of the ESIP objectives? DEDP/REDP objectives? What factors helped? What factors did not help? | | |
| Is the TA sustainable? (can the TA provided be applied to similar situations?) | | |
| In what outcome/intermediate indicator is the division/school lacking behind? | | |
| What hinders the division/school in meeting the target outputs? (per contributory objective) what are the reasons? | | |
| What should the division/school management do to resolve the hindering factors/reasons? | | |
| Which of the identified solutions (management action) can the division/school do by themselves? Which ones need support from upper management? (for example: RFTAT for the SDOs/DFTAT for districts/schools) | | |

Date of Monitoring:

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE REPORT

| HNICAL ASSISTANCE OBJECTIVES | JATIONAL ANALYSIS/CONTEXT HNICAL ASSISTANCE OBJECTIVES AT WAS UNDERTAKEN? | h/Quarter: | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|--------------|--------|
| T WAS UNDERTAKEN? | T WAS UNDERTAKEN? | ************************************** | CONTEXT | |
| WAS UNDERTAKEN? | WAS UNDERTAKEN? | | | |
| | | NICAL ASSISTANCE (| OBJECTIVES | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | Result |
| nical Assistance Provider/s: | nical Assistance Provider/s: | Planning made | Action Taken | Result |
| nical Assistance Provider/s: | nical Assistance Provider/s: | | Action Taken | Result |

LIST OF ACRONYMS

| AIP | Annual Implementation Plan |
|----------|---|
| ARD | Assistant Regional Director |
| ASDS | Assistant School Division Superintendent |
| BEIS | Basic Education Information System |
| CapB | Capability Building |
| CAR | Cordillera Administrative Region |
| CID | Curriculum Instruction Division |
| CLMD | Curriculum Learning and Management Division |
| COT | Classroom Observation Tool |
| DALC | District Alternative Learning Center |
| DEDP | Division Education Development Plan |
| DepEd | Department of Education |
| DFTAT | Division Field Technical Assistance Team |
| DMEA | Division Monitoring Evaluation and Adjustment |
| DsMEA | District Monitoring Evaluation and Adjustment |
| DTAP | Division Technical Assistance Plan |
| EPS | Education Program Supervisor/Education Program Specialist |
| ESAT -DP | Electronic Self-Assessment Tool – Development Plan |
| ESIP | Enhanced School Improvement Plan |
| ESSD | Education Support Services Division |
| FD | Finance Division |
| FTAD | Field Technical assistance Division |
| HRDD | Human Resource Development Division |
| ICT | Information Communication System |
| IMs | Instructional Materials |
| INSET | In-service Training |
| IPED | Indigenous People Education |
| LGU | Local Government Unit |
| LRMS | Learning Resources Management Section |
| LSB | Local School Board |
| MANCOM | Management Committee |
| M & E | Monitoring & Evaluation |
| PAU | Public Affairs Unit |
| PPRD | Policy, Planning Research Division |
| PSDS | Public School District Supervisor |
| QAD | Quality Assurance Division |
| QAMET | Quality Assurance Monitoring and Evaluation Team |
| RA | Republic Act |
| RD | Regional Director |
| REDP | Regional Education Development Plan |
| REXECOM | Regional Executive Committee |
| RFTAT | Regional Field Technical Assistance Team |
| RMEA | Regional Monitoring Evaluation and Adjustment |
| RO | Regional Office |
| RoMEA | Regional Office Monitoring Evaluation and Adjustment |
| RTAP | Regional Technical Assistance Plan |

| SBM | School-Based Management | |
|------|---|--|
| SGOD | School Governance and Operation division | |
| SDS | Schools Division Superintendent | |
| SH | School Head | |
| SMEA | School Monitoring Evaluation and Adjustment | |
| STAR | Situation or Task Action Taken Result | |
| SQMT | School Quality Management Team | |
| TA | Technical Assistance | |
| TOR | Terms of Reference | |
| TNA | Training Needs Assessment | |

REFERENCES:

- 1. STRIVE Manual
- 2. CARAGA Customized Technical Assistance Mechanism Framework
- 3. My HOME
- Handouts during the National Orientation Training on the New Role, Functions and the Structure of Rationalized Regional Office of the Department of Education
- 5. Technical Assistance Mechanism Manual of Operation 2017 Dep Ed CAR
- RM No 223 s 2020 Regional Guidelines on the Adoption OF Technical Assistance Framework



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TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE NEEDS ASSESSMENT (TANA)

Note: The development of the TANA shall be based on the emerging issues and concerns from QAD's MEA/PIR results and PPRD's statistical bulletin. Approved TANA shall be utilized in crafting the Regional Technical Assistance Plan.

Summary of Issues and Concerns

| Division | Type of Issue (plea check) | | please | |
|----------|---|--------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Suite des de la company de la | Simple | Specialized | Cross- functional |
| | | | | |

II. List of Cross-functional Issues

| Intermediate Outcome | Cross-functional Issues (identified priority needs) | Division |
|--|---|----------|
| a. Make the curriculum relevant to produce job ready, active and responsible citizens | | |
| b. Ta ke steps to accelerate delivery of basic education facilities and services | | |
| c. Take good care of learners by promoting learner well-being, inclusive education and positive learning environment | | |
| d. G ive Support for teachers to teach better | | |

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III. Top three priority needs

| Make the curriculum relevant to produce job ready, active and responsible citizens | Take steps to accelerate delivery of basic education facilities and services | <u>Take</u> good care of learners by promoting learner well-being, inclusive education and positive learning environment | Give Support for teachers to teach better |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1. | 1. | 1. | 1. |
| 2. | 2. | 2. | 2. |
| 3. | 3. | 3. | 3. |

| Prepared by: | Reviewed by: |
|---|--|
| Education Program Supervisor, FTAD | Chief Education Supervisor, FTAD |
| Noted: | |
| Assistant Regional Director Co-chairperson – RFTAT | Regional Director Chairperson - RFTAT |

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REGIONAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PLAN (RTAP)

| Intermedia te Outcome MaTaTaG | Identified priority needs (Note: cross functional/ strategic concerns/SDOs common needs) | Proposed Intervention/ TA Program/ Activities | Objective/ Target (if applicable, from strategic plans) | Target Date of Implementa tion | R/DFTAT member Involved |
|--|--|--|---|---|-------------------------------|
| | | | | | |

Note: The development of the RTAP shall be based from the cross functional issues/strategic concerns/SDOs common needs from the Technical Assistance Needs Assessment (TANA), QAD's MEA/PIR and PPRD's statistical bulletin. The approved RTAP shall be the basis of each RFTAT (or DFTAT, if applicable) member in crafting TA implementation plan.

| Prepared by: | Reviewed by: |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Education Program Supervisor | Chief Education Supervisor |
| Field Technical Assistance Division | Field Technical Assistance Division |
| Recommending Approval: | Approved: |
| Assistant Regional Director | Regional Director |
| Co-chairperson – RFTAT | Chairperson - RFTAT |



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TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Note: The TA implementation plan is to be accomplished by RFTAT/DFTAT member after the RTAP is approved and disseminated.

Schools Division Office/Function Division:

| Intermediate Outcome | Identified priority needs (from the approved RTAP) | Intervention/ TA Program/ Activities | Objective/ Target | Target Date of Implementation | Person/s Involved |
|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | |
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| Prepared by: | | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| Name and Signature of the RFTAT Member Division: | | |
| Reviewed by: | Approved: | |
| Assistant Regional Director | Regional Director | |



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REGIONAL FIELD TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TEAM MONITORING TOOL

Note: RFTAT monitoring tool shall be used during school visit or monitoring activity. Template is downloadable through https://tinyurl.com/RFTATTooltemplate.

| Division: Name of Sci School ID: Name of Sci Contact Nun Date of Mon | nool Head: nber of SH: itoring: | Total No. of Teaching Pe | rsonnel: Tota | al No. of Non-Teach | ing Personnel: | |
|---|---|--|---|--|-------------------------|--|
| Area of Issue/Concern | | Description/Details of the Issue/Concern | TA and/or Recommendations Provided | Agreements/For Follow-up | Output/Results | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Best Practic | es Observed: | | | | | |
| Monitored b | у: | | Conforme: | | | |
| Areas of Conce Cu Le Pu IC | Signature of the Mo m; priculum and Learning Mena gal Matters till Affairs Matters T Matters yroll Services rsonnel Matters (Employees set Management | gement | Medical, Dent Education Fax Events Manay Disaster Risk Budget and F Professional is | ignature of the Sc as and Nutrition Matters clittles general. Youth Formation, Pi reduction and Management insnoe Management and Learning Management of Employees Wolfare (Awar | ertnership and Linkages | |



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TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE STATUS REPORT

| 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------|----------|-----------|--|--|
| Schools | Division | Office/ | Function | Division: | | |

| Identified priority needs | Intervention/ TA Program/ Activities | Date of Implementation | Person/s Involved | Status | Remarks (Facilitating, Hindering factors) |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|--------|--|
| | | | | | |
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| lame and Sig Pivision: | mature of the RFTAT | // DFTAT Member/ C | oordinator | | |
| | | | | | |
| eviewed by: | | 7 | Approved: | | |
| ARD/ASDS | | | RD/SDS | | |

| Reviewed by: | Approved: |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| ADD / ADD | nn/eng |
| ARD/ ASDS Co-chairperson – RFTAT/ DFTAT | RD/SDS Chairperson – RFTAT/DFTAT |



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TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRESS REPORT

I. Status of TA Intervention/Program/Activities

| Identified priority needs | Intervention/ TA Program/ Activities | Status | Facilitating Factors | Hindering Factors | Remarks (for catch-up plan) |
|---------------------------------|--|--------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

II. Analysis

III. Recommendations/Ways Forward

| Prepared by: | Reviewed by: |
|---|--|
| Education Program Supervisor, FTAD | Chief Education Program Supervisor, FTAD |
| Noted: | |
| Assistant Regional Director Co-chairperson – RFTAT | Regional Director Chairperson - RFTAT |



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TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CATCH-UP/ADJUSTMENT PLAN

| Identified priority needs | Intervention/ TA Program/ Activities | Backlogs | Factors Causing the Problem | Strategy to Close Gaps | Resources Need | Person/s Involved |
|---------------------------------|--|----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | | |
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| rrepared by. | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| RFTAT/DFTAT member | _ |
| Reviewed by: | Approved: |
| Assistant Regional Director | Regional Director |

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